William Short to Thomas Jefferson, November 2, 1792, from Thomas Jefferson and William Short Correspondence, Transcribed and Edited by Gerard W. Gawalt, Manuscript Division, Library of Congress

William Short to Thomas Jefferson

The Hague Nov. 2. 1792.

Dear SirPrivate

I recieved yesterday, from the Sec. of the treasury a letter of Aug. 28 in which he tells me the accounting officers of the treasury have represented him that a regular acct. of all the monies recieved by me from the commissioners or which they have paid by my direction, & would be requisite in the examination & adjustment of their accounts-& requests me therefore to furnish him with the acct. up to Nov. 1. 1792. He adds—"your account, as Sec. to the embassy in France, I understand has been presented at the treasury, by Mr. Jefferson, terminating on the 24th of Sep. 1789-but none has been rendered since."

I answer him today informing him of your directions with respect to the transmission of my accts. to your department annually-which has been done with the accidental delay of that ending July 1. 1791. & that that ending July 1. 1792 was sent by triplicate immediately after the expiration of that term. I mention also the bills you left with me for 66,000# & deposited afterwards in Mr. Grands hands to recieve their amount & keep it appropriated as you desired. These I state to him as the only sums which have been in my hands within my present recollection.

With respect to the payments made by the commissioners, although most them had been by my orders which I recieved from him & transmitted to them, yet as I had made a point of never allowing one single farthing of it to pass through my hands, I had not expected to be involved in the compatability of the business, & of course had kept no acct.-nor do I yet see what kind of account I could have kept which could have added to that which the commissioners informed me they transmitted regularly to the Sec. of the treasury. I mention to him however that I had sent to them yesterday immediately

on the reciept of his letter to furnish me an account of the monies they had paid, & that I should without delay transmit it to him-begging him if it was not perfectly satisfactory in every particular to be so good as to inform me of it that I might procure whatever eclaircissements might be necessary-adding that I was so well convinced of the commissioners having properly transacted the business & kept the proper vouchers, that I had no objection to be placed in the acct. although I had not expected it, as no part of the money went through my hands. I have thought it well to mention this subject to you-& particularly what relates to my accts. as to my salary & contingencies recieved. The unfortunate miscarriage of my letter of Oct. 6. 1791 inclosing the first copy of my acct. prevented your having it in time for that session of Congress-but the duplicates I afterwards sent of it & the triplicate of my last acct. will I hope have put that matter right. You said you would be so kind as to arrange the several articles in the form you judged best. I hope you will do it & have them all finally settled as low down as July last.

I knew it was a principle with out government that when a person was in their service they considered themselves as the absolute masters of all his moments & that they had a right to heap work on work as much as he could endure. In my case independent of the department of foreign affairs which I have in common with the other foreign agents that of the treasury is given me which so far from being an accessory, is much more painful & laborious than the principal, even as I conducted it—& if as I shd. infer from the letter of the Secry. of the treasury, I was to have gone into the manutention of the money to have

recieved it & paid it away-& to have erected accts. conformably thereto, & to have gone backwards & forwards between Paris & Amsterdam as I did; & this without knowing at any one time that I should be employed three months longer (which was my case from the time of my recieving your first letters after your determining to remain in America) I know not what are the ideas of the Secy. of the treasury with respect to my abilities but I feel that I shd. have been unequal to the task without an assistant bookkeeper. I am convinced however the accts. have been properly kept by the commissioners & of course have no uneasiness on that head. I acknowlege also the

principle of the government having a right to impose on their servant any task they please. It is impossible however not to consider the circumstances a little hard which have unavoidably placed all the honor & profit here where the labor is doubled. Time will shew soon whether this is to last & whether the U.S. continue their minister at Paris, in opposition to what has been done by all the European powers. (The Baron de Blome I believe has now left Paris-he was detained after his recall by being confined by sickness to his bed.) The Minister remaining at Paris is as much an acknowlegement of the present government as if he was accredited to them. When I am asked about it here I observe that M. Morris cannot yet have recieved orders of any kind. One would suppose that M. Morris, of all others would be the least agreeable to such a government-if it were not that the universality of his genius renders him fit for every thing. The time seems to be retarded when the great contest shall be decided of who or what is to govern in France. I should hardly think the U.S. would keep such a grade & at such an expence there-even if it were not for the disconvenance of the business-an agent without public character would be more proper-equally perhaps more useful-& certainly more economical.

I do not trouble you at present with respect to my future wishes-my late letters have been much too full on that disagreeable subject. In all cases I beg you to be persuaded of the unalterable attachment & affection of Dear Sir, Your friend & servant.W. Short

[P.S.] I observe in some American newspapers which have been lent me, a work announced under the title of the American Remembrancer, containing state papers, an abridgment of the Journals of Congress &c. by Jno. Carey. I will be much obliged to you to subscribe for me for a copy & send it to me by the first opportunity after its publication. As soon as I learn what is to become of me I shall take arrangements for procuring new American productions. During these three long years I have been kept so from month to month that I have never had time or courage for such things as were to be procured from America.

RC (Thomas Jefferson Papers, DLC)